

Tribal Leadership in Marine Protection for the North Coast

a Wiyot Tribe Perspective

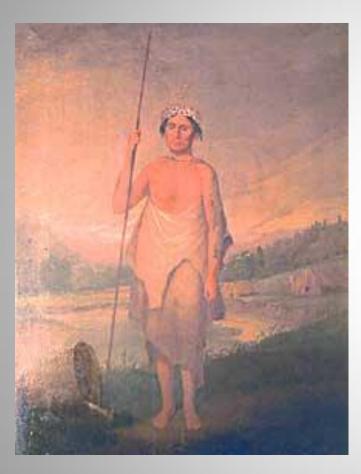


Wiyot Tribe Environmental Department

Lughurruk, Shou'r Haloulilh (those who take care of the water and land) Stephen Kullmann, Director stephen@wiyot.us

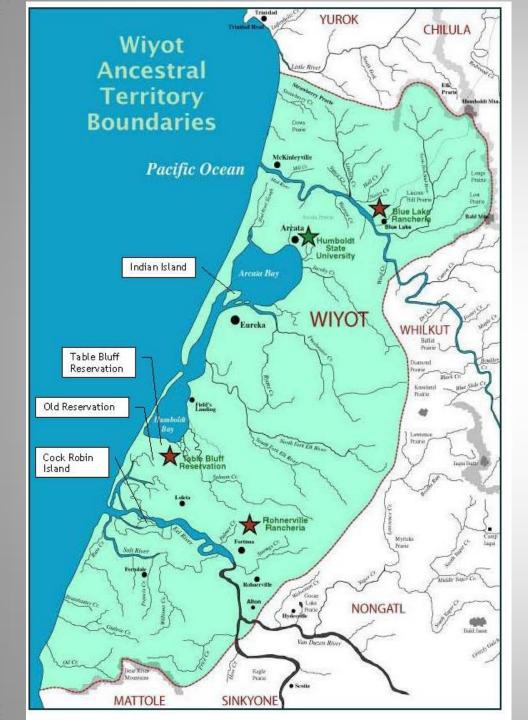


Wiyot Tribe



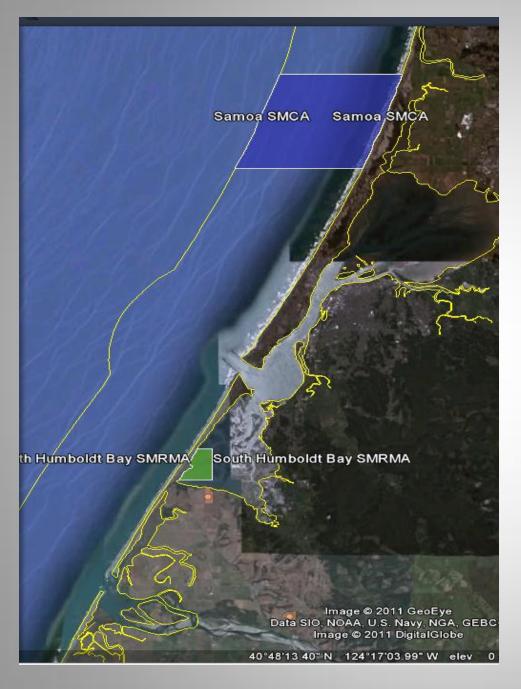
Chief Ki-we-lat-tah

- Federally Recognized
- Pre-contact population ~2000,
 which dropped to ~100 by 1910
- •Unlawfully terminated under the California Rancheria Act of 1958. Successfully sued the Federal Government for rerecognition and regained its status in 1981
- •Currently ~630 citizens, about 120 of whom live on Table Bluff Reservation on South Humboldt Bay



Wiyot Ancestral Territory

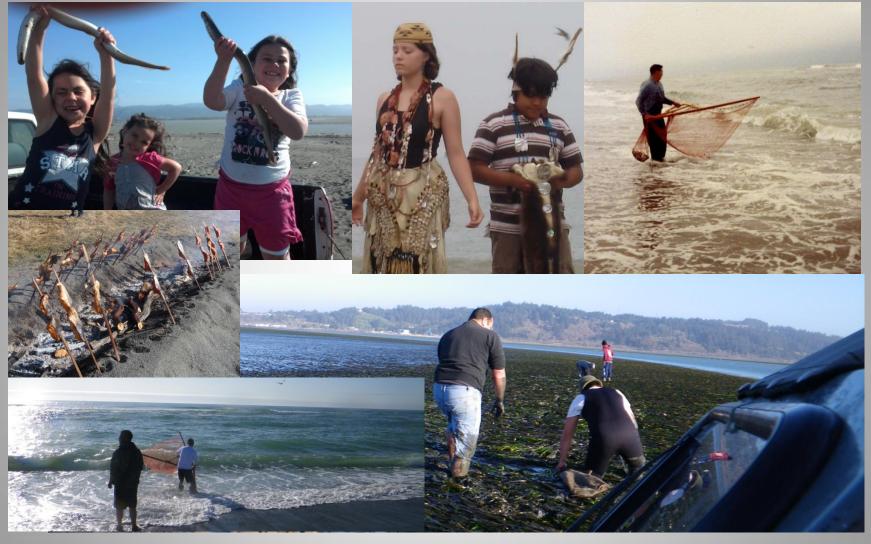
- Approximately 0.02% of ancestral territory under current Wiyot Tribal ownership.
- •This land had to be purchased.



MPAs in Wiyot Ancestral Territory

Samoa SMCA
South Humboldt Bay SMRMA

Ongoing Tradition of Marine Harvesting





Wiyot Tribe Environmental Department

- Established 1996
- Almost entirely grant-funded through US EPA allocations and various competitive grants
- Mission is to monitor and protect the environmental resources of the Table Bluff Reservation, Wiyot Tribal Landholdings, and the Wiyot Aboriginal Territory



Responsibilities

- Tuluwat (Indian Island) Restoration
- Eel River Restoration
- EPA Clean Water Act Water Monitoring
- Solid Waste Management
- Renewable Energy/Energy Efficiency
- Environmental Education
- Community Garden
- Water/Waste Water Infrastructure
- Consultation and Coordination
- Wetlands Management
- "Other Duties As Assigned"













MLPA Involvement

- Participated in North Coast Tribal Coalition and Tri-County Initiative
- Nominated to RSG but not appointed
- Served on SAT Tribal Workgroup
- Attended and participated in most RSG, SAT, and BRTF meetings
- Member of collaborative Estuarine Monitoring Group with HSU and Humboldt Harbor District, and Smith River Socio-cultural Baseline Framework





- Opportunity missed for real Tribal collaboration at the onset
 - (Because no co-management agreement reached, South Humboldt Bay SMRMA much smaller, Eel River MPA nonexistent)
- Adversarial relationship developed
- Non-inclusion of Tribal scientists on SAT
- Slowly mutual cooperation (respect?) developed



Moving Forward

- Tribes need to be treated as a modern political governments and scientific entities.
- TEK should be used for informing management decisions
- Need to dévelop real and meaningful co-management agreements



We are soon approaching the culmination of the beginning of the next phase of an ongoing process

Čawokš (Thank You)